Subject -Biology.

Class -11.

F. M.= 20

Time = 45min

- A. Answer the following questions briefly :- (1/2*4=2)
 - Which type of endoplasmic recticullam has it's main function in the synthesis of lipids?
 - A single membrane bound organelle rich in Hydrolytic enzymes.
 - Several ribosomes attached to a single mRNA.
 - Cell without membrane bound nucleus.
- B. Write the contribution of the following:- (2)
 - Rudolf Virchow
 - J. E Purkinjee
- C. Choose the correct option :- (1/2*4=2)
 - Desmosomes is the modification of :-
 - a. Golgi bodies
 - b. Plasma membrane
 - c. Endoplasmic recticullam
 - d. E. R nucleus complex
 - Which of the following represent prokaryotic cell:-
 - a. PPLO
 - b. Micoplasma
 - c. Bacteria
 - d. All of these
 - Chlorophyll occurs in Chloroplast :-
 - a. Inner membrane
 - b. Thylakoid membrane
 - c. Outer membrane
 - d. Stroma
 - The term mitochondria was given by:-
 - a. Benda
 - b. Robert Hooke
 - c. D. E duve
 - d. Palade

- D. What are Grana? State it's functions. (2)
- E. Who proposed the fluid mosaic model? What is the name given to glycocalyx if it hard thick and rough. (2)
- F. Which four different sites in plant cells have ribosomes? (2)
- G. Distinguish between :- Gram positive and Gram negative bacteria, with examples also. (2)
- H. Write the function of:-
 - Mesosomes
 - Plasmodesmata
- I. Is extra genomic DNA Prokaryotes and Eukaryotes? If yes, locate their position in both types of organisms. (2)
- J. Draw a labelled diagram of nucleus. (2)